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NAME _____
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IRMA TIMES

IRMA DISTRICT
Irma District is one of the best mixed farming districts in the West. Good soil, Good water, good grass, natural gas and Good Oil. Indications, Good railroad facilities and good people. Boost for your district. Plenty of good farms awaiting development.
110 miles east of Edmonton
200 miles west of Saskatoon

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Circulating Throughout Jarrow, Kinsella, Orbindale, Zoldavara, Fabyan, Clark Manor, and Irma District.

Vol. 5; No. 17

IRMA, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JULY 29th, 1921

\$2.00 Per Year in Advance

Farmers Elect Greenfield Premier

On July 27, Herbert Greenfield, was the unanimous choice of the farmers as premier-elect. This decision was reached at the adjournment of the convention in Calgary on Wednesday. No other names were discussed by the farmers, H. W. Wood, the president of the U. F. A., having as was forecasted, refused the honor. Resounding cheers were raised when the decision was arrived at and Mr. Greenfield was deeply moved. "I'll do my best for the farmers and all classes of the province of Alberta," was his simple remark when the announcement was made.

Will Issue Message
Interviewed after his selection by the Canadian Press, Mr. Greenfield stated that he would give a message to the people of the province through the press before the afternoon session of the convention.

Upon leaving the Loughheed building for lunch Mr. Greenfield was cheered again and again by the assembled farmers.

The following official announcement was made by the press committee at the conclusion of the morning session: "Herbert Greenfield, of Westlock, was unanimously elected leader of the U. F. A. group in the legislature after the fullest discussion at the morning session of the members in conference today. The conference will be continued this afternoon."

The premier-elect will be given quite a free hand in the selection of his cabinet. That matter was fully discussed at Tuesday's session. It is possible however that certain recommendations will be made by the members elect, but further than this they will leave the actual selection to the premier. In this respect the farmers are not departing from the usual custom followed by the old time parties.

IRMA RED CROSS HAS GOOD RECORD

Dear Mrs. Tripp,
I enclose herewith receipt No. 10538 for \$500.00 covering 50 active Membership Fees collected in Irma for the Red Cross Society.

Please accept our very hearty thanks and appreciation of the service you have rendered to the Red Cross during the Campaign. I trust you will also convey the same to all those who have been associated with you in this work. We hope that when the rest of the Red Cross returns come in, your district will show good results. We have entered against you an objective of 200.

We will be writing you again presently in regard to the work and in the meantime, trust that your further returns will be successful, and with renewed thanks, I remain, Yours faithfully,
C. B. WAAGEN

TRAIL RANGERS BREAK CAMP

Last Sunday afternoon the members of the Irma Trail Rangers left the camping ground at Steffenoson Lake and returned to their respective homes. That the two dozen boys who had been in camp had enjoyed themselves could easily be seen by the reluctance at which they had in packing up their bedding etc. The Rev. Mr. Elliott preached a very appropriate sermon to the boys and a large number of parents and friends before they left for home. Great credit is due Mr. H. E. Peterson who acted as chief and to Mr. Elliott and others who assisted the boys in their sports etc.

CAR LOAD OF TWINE RECEIVED

The Irma Co-operative have received a car of 550 ft Binder twine and as this is the only car we have coming the farmers should place their orders at once.

Progress Being Made in Alberta Oil Fields

Despite the government restrictions structure resembling that of Montana exists. The Imperial Oil Company, the last of these empan, J. R. Talpey and the West Regent company of Scotland, are drilling here, the last of the employment is going on a brochure has been prepared by Geoffrey d'Erville of Anderson and Brown Consolidated, for distribution to the firm's clients. This publication contains a general synopsis of what is going on in the oil fields while the figures supplied go to show that much more development is taking place than the average citizen is aware of.

In all 41 wells in Alberta are actually drilling, but of this number seven are resuming operations after a lapse of some time. Eleven more drilling rigs are on the way to Alberta, but it is understood that this is a conservative quotation and that it will be exceeded. The Imperial Oil Company's operations are noteworthy for the number of different fields being exploited and the tremendous amount of territory covered, the big company being interested in Fort Norman, Windy Point, Pine Point, Peace River, Pouce Coupe, Brazeau, Coalspur, Irma Monitor, Okotoks, and Pincher Creek.

During the present year it is believed that four wells are being drilled at Fort Norman by the Imperial Oil Company. Five rigs are now en route to the north for the Northwest Oil company of which one or two are bound for Fort Norman, and the Fort Norman Oil and Development Co. are also shipping a quantity of material into the field. The Mackenzie River Oil company are drilling on their property this summer.

At Windy Point the Imperial Oil company sank a hole to a depth of 360 feet last year when drilling was suspended for the winter. Work has now been resumed; the Great Slave Oil and Refining company of Vancouver, are also drilling here this year and it is believed that one other rig will enter the field.

At Pine Point it is not known that the Imperial Oil Company is at present doing any development work, but a well is being sunk during the present summer on the lease known as the Murray lease, and it is understood that the Northwest Oil Company are also sending in a rig.

In the Peace River field several wells are being drilled, most of which have struck small quantities of oil. Only three are now drilling, the San Joachin the Albersas and the Peace River Petroleum companies wells. But it is understood that a deal is now pending whereby the Imperial Oil company take over these unfinished holes known as the McArthur wells, some fifteen or twenty miles north of Peace River Crossing.

The Imperial Oil company's holdings in the Pouce Coupe field amount to approximately 70,000 acres and will commence this month. Further development is expected in this field in the present summer, not only by the Imperial Oil company but by various American interests who have secured holdings here.

Drilling operations by the Peace River Petroleum company are commencing at Hudson's Hope at a point about three miles west of the settlement, and at High Prairie near Lesser Slave Lake a well which has been drilled to a depth of about 400 feet will be continued this year. No developments are expected in the Brazeau and Coalspur field until next year, but at Lac St. Anne, 50 miles west of Edmonton, a privately owned well drilled to depth of 800 feet will in all probability be continued this year.

Considerable interest attaches to developments in Birch Lake and Irma fields. It is understood that the Imperial Oil company have concluded arrangements for continuing the well of the old Grattan Oil Company which is now at a depth of about 1850 feet. The Imperial Oil Company are drilling one and possibly two new wells north of the town of Irma. J. R. Talpey is drilling at Birch Lake and it is understood that Eugene Coste will this year continue his operations in co-operation with the Anglo-French Exploration company of London England, two new wells being put down at Czar the Imperial Oil company have abandoned a test hole drilled by them in 1919 at a depth of 1,200 feet. J. R. Talpey has considerable holdings in the Czar field and it is understood that he intends drilling here. A Monitor which is the southern portion of the Czar field, a dome shaped year by year.

Switzerland in Canada



The Home of a Swiss Guide at Edelweiss, B.C.
A very successful attempt at introducing the Swiss chalet type of architecture into the Canadian Rockies has been carried out at the village of Edelweiss. Miniature chalets of the Alps are here blended in with the Canadian landscape in the side-hills above Golden as though part of it. The "Swiss-lines" of the little cottages themselves are further enhanced by the use of rustic bridges and hand-railings leading up to the cottages tiering one above another ever higher in true "excelsior" fashion. It is customary in the very nature of the swift passing for the tourists sitting by the window of the speeding "through train" to catch only a glimpse of this hybrid among villages. Yet, the natural human-interest felt in the Real Swiss guide at Lake Louise who safely conducts you to The Great Glacier, to The Valley of the Ten Peaks and by other of those entrancing "trails" focusing around "The Lakes in the Clouds" must often have aroused your curiosity as to where these wonderful mountaineers live when off duty. And you must often have found yourself speculating as to the home-life of the "Guide" so calmly and with such perfect assurance playing the bassoon, double-bass, "Trail-Maker" and "Trail-Master." This foregoer is a specialist. And the fact that his knowledge of our own Mountains is so much greater than the average Canadian's gives him an added interest. At the same time the Swiss Guide represents in his mountaineering a gift of Switzerland to us. . . . A happy gift indeed when one thinks of it as a friendly holding out of experience gained in her mountains, a neighborly gift of knowledge which may help to interpret the Canadian Rockies in many of their most complicated and beautiful but "difficult" passages to us, who have so little time, a week or two at most of summer holidaying . . . in which to learn the gigantic secrets of these marvelous "Rocks." Trailing the human interest story of these Swiss Guides leads one straight to . . . Edelweiss. Straight to its revelation of the established presence of the Swiss chalet in Canada. It leads one too, to a little family gathering of happy wives and little children. The happier for the father of home given by the resemblance which these their homes in the West, bear to the cottage, climbing the mountain-side, somewhere over there in the old land of Alpine Switzerland where fathers and mothers and sisters and brothers, still live. No one would claim that Edelweiss is a perfect reproduction of a natural viewpoint. That would be absurd. Rather it has the happy little imperfections which must ever attend beginnings.

QUALITY Merchandise...

33 1/3 DISCOUNT
All House of
Hobherlin Suits
till the Last of July Only.
33 1-3 per cent Off. Get In and Save Some Money on a NEW SUIT.
Remember Till AUG. 1 ONLY

With the best of the summer still ahead, and lots of sewing to do, this will be welcome news—

Patterns, Perfect Print
Those High Quality English Goods were 65c, cut to . . . 42c
Canadian Prints, in DARK GROUNDS, regular 35c, cut to . . . 25c
English GALATEAS, DARK GROUNDS, regular 50c, cut to . . . 35c

Groceries
New Goods of the best Quality, at the latest prices.
Crown Brand Fresh Ground Coffee . . . 50c
Simpka Brand, Fresh Ground Coffee . . . 40c
Special Blend Tea . 50c
Fine Pink Salmon, six tins for . . . \$1.00
Mixed Jam, four pound pail . . . 70c
Red Rose Baking Powder, 1 pound . . . 25c
Pure Cider Vinegar per bottle . . . 45c

Men's Work Shirts
A fine new line of high, roomy well-made Shirts that sold at \$2.50, fine wearing goods, with nice appearance, each
Only \$1.85

J. C. McFarland COMPANY
Irma - - - Alberta

BUY FROM US FOR LESS!

We expect a car of Twine here by
AUGUST 9TH
and have orders for the larger part of it--If you want any
BETTER ORDER NOW!
as we are only bringing in one car.

Groceries

Other stores are trying to meet our prices in order to do some business. Give your trade to your own store.

Co-operation

This store is not being run for private gain but to serve the district. That is why you can buy goods for less in Irma than any town on this line. Help out the movement by buying from us.

IRMA Co-operative Company Ltd.

Waste and Its Effect On Prices

One of the most important problems confronting the people in nearly all countries is how to bring down the costs of production to figures more nearly approximating those which prevailed prior to the war. It is likewise the most difficult problem to solve without creating conditions which would be even more disastrous than the present handicap imposed upon all productive enterprise.

The war created conditions which resulted in a rapid and phenomenal rise in the cost of all raw materials and labor; in fact, of everything entering into the production of goods and articles of every description. The inevitable result was an enormous increase in prices, and while war's demands kept up production to top-notch capacity, with the ending of the war and the re-stocking of the world's supply of necessities, there has come a falling off in demand and consequently in production because people cannot pay the prices which present costs of production make it imperative to charge. The result is unemployment, and the greater the number of unemployed the lower falls the purchasing power of the country. There must, therefore, be a decrease in the costs of production before there can be any marked improvement in the volume of business and of employment.

It is clear, therefore, that there must be a further readjustment. Prices of raw materials have fallen, but the cost of labor necessary to convert these materials for use continues so high, and the cost of transporting both raw materials and the finished products so excessive, that there is not the activity in evidence which the economic needs of the country and all people demand. And labor very naturally insists that it cannot work for a materially reduced wage until there is a reduction in costs of living.

There is one field, however, in which labor can do much to remedy the present situation and reduce costs of production without being obliged to accept lower wages, and the action which labor should take in the interests of all will not operate to further decrease employment but, on the contrary, the effect must be to increase employment. The action which labor should take is to remove the many restrictions which are arbitrarily imposed by their union regulations and which operate to increase costs of production out of all proportion to the actual work involved in production.

Reference was recently made in this column to the waste of time, labor and money involved in the insistence by printers that type set up for one purpose, say an advertisement in a newspaper, must not be used for another purpose, as, for example, in a piece of job printing, but that the same matter must be set up twice. This is pure waste, but the printers insist upon it under the mistaken idea that they are thereby creating more employment. As a matter of fact by unnecessarily increasing costs they are actually curtailing employment.

One of the most serious handicaps to business today is the excessively high freight rates. These unduly high charges are affecting every line of business and production. These high rates were partly brought about during the war by the high cost of raw materials, but these costs are now substantially lower. Wages, however, are still high. But the most serious item in costs of railway operation are the new regulations imposed by the railway unions which force the employment of three, four and five men to do a piece of work which one man, or a man and a helper, can do just as well and even more expeditiously. The labor of the others is pure waste, for which the public is compelled to pay, and which necessitates excessive freight and passenger rates in order to pay for this waste.

Toll is taken on every bushel of grain raised, every head of livestock shipped, every load of lumber or coal, every item of merchandise handled, to pay for this waste. Nobody escapes from paying for a share of this waste. The railway employee who fancies he is profiting from enforcing these economically unsound regulations pays just as do other railway employees, union labor everywhere, and the people generally who know they do not benefit in any degree from having men employed in the doing of unnecessary and totally unproductive work.

Dean Swift, in one of his famous satires makes the King of Brobdingnag express the opinion that whoever could make two ears of corn, or two blades of grass to grow upon a spot of ground where only one grew before, deserved better of mankind and did more essential service to his country than the whole race of politicians put together. Unfortunately for the present age, organized labor seems to have become permeated with the idea that the wise, proper and statesmanlike course is for a man to produce only one-half or one-third as much as he is easily capable of producing, and to insist that several men should be employed to do what would be only a reasonable day's work for one.

In next week's article some recent disclosures resulting from an official inquiry will be cited as indicating the direction in which reform must come in order to right, or at all events improve, existing economic conditions in this and other countries.

Canadian Seeds

Sell in France

Big Market in France for Manitoba Marquis Wheat.

A big market in France for seeds, especially for Manitoba Marquis wheat, peas, Canadian blue grass and clover, is reported by the Canadian trade commission at Paris in the weekly trade and commerce bulletin. The market is adversely affected by the rate of exchange, but with improvement in this respect, opportunity for trade in seeds will greatly increase. French buyers who are very particular, declare themselves very well satisfied with the quality of Canadian cereal products. Since early in the war the French Government has done all the buying, but this control will be removed August 1.

Vocal Workers.

A lot of men now standing around complaining that there is a lack of work were probably among those who stood around talking nonsense when there was plenty of work.—The Des Moines Register.

Fur Auction

\$300,000 Worth of Pelts Offered For Sale in Winnipeg.

Three hundred thousand dollars worth of pelts were offered for sale in Winnipeg by the Winnipeg Fur Auction Sales Company. The sale included the entire collection of the Lamson-Hubbard Canadian Company's Mackenzie and Arctic furs. All of the furs which were presented at this fair were guaranteed to be of this season's catch.

Invalids' Chairs Licensed.

In England the rolling-chairs used by invalids and others have to carry a motor license.

On His First Hitch.

"Say," remarked the peevish party at the table. "How long have you been working in this restaurant?" "Six weeks, sir," replied the waiter. "I beg your pardon," apologized the peevish party. "Then it wasn't you I ordered that steak from?"—American Legion Weekly.

New Use For Seaplanes

Fish Eggs Carried From Hatcheries To Inaccessible Points.

A new use for the seaplane has been found on the Pacific coast by officials of the department of marine and fisheries working in co-operation with the state board officials at the Vancouver seaplane station. It is in carrying fish eggs from the hatcheries to otherwise inaccessible parts of the coast line, where eggs can be placed under water in special boxes invented by one of the fishery officers and allowed to complete hatching there. Patrols are also being undertaken, in connection with the fisheries department officials to circumvent fish poachers who stray into forbidden waters.

Dining saloons on the Argentine railways are being furnished with pianos.

RHEUMATISM

Is Yours Acute or Chronic?

In either case you'll get such relief from good old "Nerviline" which has five times the pain destroying power of ergot, that you'll be free from rheumatic pains. It is the unusually fast action that gives the power of "Nerviline." Suited for young and old, used internally and externally for many purposes, 35c at all dealers.

In India an elephant that has twenty toes is considered more valuable than the sacred white elephant in Siam.

Cuts and Bruises Disappear.—When suffering from cuts, scratches, bruises, sprains, sore throat or chest and any similar ailment, use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Its healing power is well-known in every section of the community. A bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil should be in every medicine chest ready for the emergencies that may always be anticipated.

Byng's Appointment Pleases Veterans

The officers and representatives of the Dominion Command Great War Veterans' Association of Canada, assembled in conference at Port Arthur, unanimously recorded their pride and appreciation of the appointment of Lord Byng of Vimy as Governor-General of Canada and expressed a wish that he will honor the Great War Veterans by accepting honorary membership in the organization.

A Common Weakness. More men would make money if not so many had the habit of thinking that making it means getting it by other means than earning it.—Albany Journal.

RED HOT JULY DAYS

HARD ON THE BABY

July—the month of oppressive heat; red hot days and sweating nights; is extremely hard on little ones. Diarrhoea, dysentery, colic and cholera infantum carry off thousands of precious little lives every summer. The mother must be constantly on her guard to prevent these troubles or if they come on suddenly to fight them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during the hot summer as is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the bowels and stomach, and an occasional dose given to the well child will prevent summer complaint, or if the trouble does come on suddenly will banish it. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

An Inland Sea Voyage

Ideal Vacation Trip By Lake To and From Eastern Canada.

An unfulfilling cure for every ill that is not positively incurable, is Eastern Canada, two days and two nights on the water, in the freshest of fresh air in the world, to the accompaniment of the finest social, or secluded environment known to human experience, is what the Canadian Pacific Great Lakes steamship service offers throughout the summer months.

The price is but a mere song. The bill of fare is without parallel in any holiday programme. The congeniality of the thing eclipses anything you have yet known. The succession of wonderful sights, landscapes, glories, engineering marvels, historic landmarks met with on the way during every waking hour, absolutely beggars description.

Here's a heaven-sent opportunity for every soul seeking rest and restoration of body and mind, from the hard tolling business or professional citizen who has "run a little below par" to the saddest memorial of human frailty, highbrowed to all advice from those who are compelled to live with him. A post card to any Canadian Pacific Agent will bring you every detail of this wonderful vacation tour of rejuvenation. R3

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

"Your Teeth"

By Rea Proctor McGee, M.D., D.D.S., Editor of Oral Hygiene.

CONCERNING WOMEN

Copyright, 1921, by Rea Proctor McGee.

How beautiful would the most beautiful woman be if her teeth were all decayed and a few out here and there?

Wouldn't that "queen" her chances in the beauty show? In addition, how long would she keep her beautiful complexion? And if her complexion was gone how could she get away with a "drug store" complexion if her cheeks were all sunken in?

And then where would her happy disposition be—and her digestion? All gone—and when these things are gone for a woman, old age is here, regardless of the number of years she has lived.

American women retain their beauty and their vivacity longer than any other women in the world, actually retain their youth more years than the women of any nation or of any time in history, all because the American dentist and American dentistry have preserved her teeth and her mouth.

Women's teeth are more subject to decay than men's. Nearly three-fourths of the twelve million people who go to the dentist regularly in the United States every year are girls and women.

The cheeks and lips get their support from the teeth and gums. Irregular teeth in children, particularly little girls should be corrected early not only for the proper occlusion, or biting, of the teeth, but because the contour and expression of the face from the cheek bones down depend upon the teeth. Would you rather have a smile from a row of stumps surrounded by ugly, red, swollen, spongy, inflamed gums or will you take yours from a lovely row of human pearls, regular and beautiful in shape, supporting the most gracefully curved lips, and surrounded by gums that radiate health and whose delicate pink is more perfect than the petal of a rose?

Health gives more beauty than contour. Many an otherwise unattractive face is brought high above the average by a clean, healthy, well-kept mouth.

A Dangerous Place.

An Irishman visiting a friend in hospital began to take an interest in the other patients.

"What are you in here for?" he asked one.

"I've got tonsillitis, and I've got to have my tonsils removed," was the answer.

"And you?" he asked another.

"I've got blood-poisoning in the arm, and they're going to cut it off," was the reply.

"Holy Moses," said Pat in horror. "This is no place for me. I've got a cold in me head!"

The Prince's Hat.

King Edward set many fashions in England and Europe and the Prince of Wales seems to be following in his footsteps, in that respect. Reports from the centres of the English hat-making industry indicate the possibility of an early revival of trade. This change is credited to the Prince of Wales, who, in his Australian tour, wore a new style of hat which suited him to perfection. "It was a soft smooth felt of light gray shade, with a black band."

It Will Relieve a Cold.—Colds are the commonest ailments of mankind and if neglected may lead to serious conditions. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will relieve the bronchial passages of inflammation speedily and thoroughly and will strengthen them against subsequent attack. And as it eases the inflammation it will stop the cough because it allays all irritation in the throat. Try it and prove it.

What Did He Mean?

"I'm glad you're home early, dear," said the young bride. "I've made some lovely biscuits for dinner." "Good!" exclaimed Hubby. "Oh, that reminds me, I took out a \$10,000 life insurance policy today."—New York Sun.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

39 Herons Nest in One Tree. There is a tree in Stanley Park, Vancouver, where thirty-nine heron's nests were counted. The baby birds are learning to fly and the tree looks like an animated garden of blue flowers.

The public libraries of Great Britain circulate nearly 60,000,000 books a year.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

W. N. U. 1376

Edmonton Woman Now Eats Better and Feels Better Than In Years

"It certainly is wonderful how quickly the right medicine will get a person feeling well again," said Mrs. Edward Fuller, 12436 122nd St., Edmonton, Alberta.

"When I began taking Tanlac I was so weak and run-down I could hardly hold out through the day. Nothing I ate tasted good to me and I just had to force myself to eat enough to keep alive. I had a headache every day and was restless and nervous and slept so poorly that I

was worn out and listless when morning came.

"Inside of a month, Tanlac had me feeling like an entirely different person and I am now eating, sleeping and feeling better than I have in years. My headaches and nervousness soon disappeared and my housework, which had been a drudgery before, actually became a pleasure.

"In my opinion there never was a medicine made that is the equal of Tanlac." Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

Brick Making Old Art

Romans Used Them in England in Year 44 A.D.

The Bible tells us of the manufacture and use of bricks. The most ancient records contain references to this building material, and we know as early as the year 44 A.D. the Romans used them in England. The actual scientific and mass production of bricks did not begin until 1886, when Alfred the Great directed that bricks be manufactured under government supervision. History does not tell of another ruler who became deeply interested in this industry until we came to Charles I., who, in 1625, thought it necessary to regulate the size of bricks, so that transportation difficulties could be overcome. An inventor in the United States by the name of Spence is credited with the first brick-making machine, but an Englishman, whose patent was granted in 1861, was the first to produce brick by steam at the rate of 1,500 an hour.

It's advisable for a young man to make haste slowly if the girl has another string to her bow.

Animals and Music

Wolves and Elephants in Zoo Slept Through Performance.

A violinist recently gave a free performance to the inhabitants of the London Zoological Gardens, and the effect of his playing upon some of his audience was rather curious to observe, according to a correspondent. The serpents, lizards and scorpions seemed to be most appreciative of them all; some of them became quite agitated, while others hurried in the direction whence the sounds proceeded and listened attentively. The bears, sheep, boars, bison and zebras all evinced keen interest in the performance. But the wolves, foxes and elephants slept the sleep of the bored. The monkeys were divided in their regard: some of them craned their necks with curiosity and listened with their hands behind their ears, while others chattered menacingly, or critically betook themselves away.

It is easier for a father to keep his coin and his boy apart than it is to teach them to stick together.



Clark's Pork & Beans

WITH CHILI, TOMATO OR PLAIN SAUCE

A real treat. Every bean cooked just right in the great Clark ovens. Never hard, never mushy, and the seasoning is delicious.

At Dealers Everywhere

You Can Prevent 40 % Annual Depreciation in Your Car, Truck or Tractor

by using a Lubricant that will stop friction which is the great foe to gear. Go into any repair shop and see the number of cars being overhauled because some owners think that all lubricants are equally good. Repair men will tell you that half of their business results from imperfect lubrication.



Whitmore's Gear Compositions

are not affected by changes of temperature. They are actively fluid in the colder weather, and in extreme heat and at high speeds they constantly preserve an indestructible film on the bearings, preventing contact of metal to metal.

WHITMORE'S do not evaporate under extreme heat, the level is not reduced. Run it through a strainer and put it back in your car, truck or tractor. You can use it over and over again. One installation will last eighteen to twenty-four months where there is no leakage. Considered on a mileage basis no lubricant is so economical as Whitmore's.

OTHER LUBRICANTS MAY COST LESS PER POUND—THEY COST MORE PER MILE. Don't ask for a grease—ask for Whitmore's Auto Gear Protective Composition, manufactured by The Whitmore Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Canadian Automotive Sales Company

Canadian Selling Agents
Toronto Winnipeg Regina Montreal
Winnipeg Address—
171 McDermott Ave. East
Telephone 4607a
Regina Address—
2418 South St. West
Telephone 3921

Feed the body well

Right food for the body is more important than right fuel for the engine.

Grape-Nuts

is a scientific food, containing all the nutriment of wheat and malted barley. Grape-Nuts digests easily and quickly, builds toward health and strength—and is delightful in flavor and crispness

"There's a Reason for Grape-Nuts"

Figures Show How The Agricultural Wealth Of Canada Is Increasing

Agriculture ranks first and foremost among Canada's industries, and by means of its progressive strides successfully maintains its place at the head of the list in spite of the rapid progress made each year in manufacturing and other Canadian activities. The total estimated agricultural wealth of the Dominion in 1920, according to the Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics, amounted to \$7,612,151,000 exclusive of miscellaneous products such as tobacco, flax, fibre, and maple products - which would add another \$23,000,000 to this total.

Agricultural production for the year 1920 is estimated at \$1,946,648,000, made up of field crops, \$1,455,244,000; farm animals, \$140,083,000; wool, \$5,321,000; dairy products, \$256,000,000; fruits and vegetables, \$40,000,000; and poultry and eggs, \$50,000,000. To arrive at the estimated agricultural wealth, \$4,333,588,000 is added for land and buildings, \$391,669,000 for farm implements, and \$1,041,246,000 for farm livestock.

The estimated agricultural wealth of the previous year, 1919, was \$7,379,299,000, showing an increase in value for the past year of \$232,852,000. An increase in production value accounts for part of this, significant of a remarkable increase in yield when the decline in prices of farm commodities is taken into consideration. The steady and continual rise of farm land with the improvements in the way of buildings thereon had the effect of nearly doubling this item of the estimate. Whilst the value of the country's possession of farming implements increased considerably there was a decline in the value of livestock, though no perceptible dwindling in numbers for the main part.

The ascending value of agricultural production in Canada is very clearly illustrated in a comparison of the values of the past six years. In 1915, the total production was valued at \$1,118,694,000; in 1916, at \$1,223,952,000; in 1917, at \$1,621,028,000; in 1918, at \$1,905,373,000; in 1919, at \$1,975,841,000; and in 1920, at \$1,946,648,000. Between the years 1915 and 1920, field crops increased in value from \$255,371,000 to \$1,455,244,000; farm animals from \$79,958,000 to \$140,083,000; wool from \$3,360,000 to \$5,321,000; dairy products from \$146,005,000 to \$256,000,000; fruits and vegetables from \$35,000,000 to \$40,000,000; and poultry and eggs from \$35,000,000 to \$50,000,000.

Many factors are contributing to the aggrandizement of Canadian agricultural wealth. Each year sees a substantially increased acreage and production due to continuous settlement, which in its turn effects an elevation in Canadian farm land values.

Betterment of Livestock

Pure-Bred Bulls Distributed Among Farmers in Western Canada.

In the interest of the betterment of livestock, about four hundred pure-bred bulls are being distributed among farmers in Western Canada under a loan scheme of the Dominion Government. R. S. Hamer, chief of the livestock branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, has purchased three hundred pure-bred bulls at the various shows held in Western Canada for the purpose of acquiring additional first-class animals in connection with this scheme.

Increase In Canada's Exports

Trade in May Exceeds That of a Year Ago.

Canada's exports to the United Kingdom for the month of May last exceeded by \$3,000,000 those of May 1920. The current weekly bulletin of the department of trade and commerce points out that while Canada is experiencing with other countries the excessive reaction in business still her export trade has not diminished in nearly the same proportion as her imports. Furthermore, in considering the declines from 1920 figures, she states that the value of the dollar is considerably higher in purchasing power today than this time last year so that the slump is not so ominous as it appears at first sight.

Incorporate Reindeer Ranch Co.

Another company, with the object of ranching the reindeer and selling the meat as well as utilizing the hides, has been incorporated at Vancouver under the presidency of Stefansson, the Canadian explorer. He will leave with an expedition this fall to determine on the suitability of certain islands in the Arctic north of the Dominion.

W. N. U. 1376

Aircraft Service at the Coast

Regular Service to Seattle and Other Cities Inaugurated.

The Aircraft Manufacturing Company is now operating a first-class commercial aircraft service in Vancouver. A large modern Curtiss seaplane has been secured as a nucleus of a much bigger fleet and the hangars are situated on Burrard Inlet. Passengers will be taken up at English Bay and a regular service to Seattle, Victoria, Nanaimo and other cities will shortly be inaugurated. In addition to this aerial photography will be undertaken by the company, which should prove a great service to the owners of timber areas.

Editor Has a Big Job

But it is One of the Noblest Professions on Earth.

The man who edits the average newspaper cannot well avoid treading on somebody's toes continually. He must expect to be censured often for unintentional failures; must expect hard work and little thanks; must expect to be called a coward because he does not "pitch into" everything that somebody thinks is wrong, and a fool if he speaks out too plainly on public evils; he must expect to grind other people's axes - and turn his grindstone himself. Still we think it is one of the noblest professions on earth; the one in which the earnest man can do the most good to his fellow man, in a western editor - From the Fourth Estate.

Canada's Population

Nine Million is Supposed to be Approximately Correct.

The population of Canada in the census now being taken is officially estimated at nine million. By the application of several methods used by international statisticians this result is figured out. By one method it will be nine and a quarter million; by another, eight and three-quarters. But the department is inclined to accept the medium of nine millions as approximately correct and will be agreeably surprised if it is exceeded. Statistics of births in the various provinces last year are of interest in connection with the census. In Ontario births numbered 72,492; in Quebec 83,466; Saskatchewan 22,051; Manitoba 18,450; Alberta 14,224; Nova Scotia 13,138; New Brunswick 10,699; British Columbia 9,418 and Prince Edward Island 2,281.

Be an Optimist

Canada One of the Few Nations That Can Look to the Future With a Satisfied Smile.

Be an optimist! Anyone can smile and see a great future for Canada when prices are jumping, every one is prosperous and we have a fresh supply of millionaires for breakfast every morning.

It takes a different brand of confidence to smile when prices drop, the dollar looms up as if seen through a magnifying glass, and the breakfast food has changed from millionaires to bankrupts.

But from all over Canada comes reports that indicate a bumper crop. The starvation that stares some countries in the face gives the Dominion a wide berth. There is work for everyone who is not too proud or too delicate to work on the land. And all the while Canada's national resources are increasing in volume. There is gold in the Northland, oil in the Arctic circle, and billions of tons of coal waiting to be mined in the western provinces.

It is a period of universal poverty. The world is strewn with bankrupt nations. And Canada looms up among them as one of the few nations - if she is a nation - that can look to the future with a full stomach and satisfied smile.

Be an optimist - Toronto Telegram.

Never Mind The Grime.

The St. Thomas Times-Journal has an article on "The Menace of Dirty Paper Money." We prefer the clean kind of course, but if your subscription fee due, and you have no bills fresh from the laundry, bring what you have. It will be pretty dirty if this office turns up its nose at it. - Orilla Packet.

An ostrich's egg equals twenty-two hen's eggs.

British Factories

Advocates British Factories for Dominion to Hold Trade for United Kingdom.

The erection of British factories in the Dominion in order to secure for the United Kingdom a share in the "great industrial future of Canada," is advocated by Sir Peter Rylands, president of the Federation of British Industries, in a contribution to the Weekly Bulletin of the Department of Trade and Commerce. Sir Peter urges increased reciprocal trade between the United Kingdom and Canada, and the investment of British capital in the Dominion. He professes the services of the federation's officials in their various centres, on behalf of Canadian business men visiting the United Kingdom.

Fair Sex as Farmers

Resolution Urging Government to Permit Women to File on Homesteads.

A resolution urging the Federal Government to permit women to file on homesteads on the same basis as men, was passed at the convention of the Federated Women's Institute at Edmonton. At the present time only widows may file under the homestead regulations and it is pointed out that since the war women have discovered they are quite capable of performing all the work a farm entails. Several nurses who served overseas have exercised their soldiers' right to take homesteads whilst other women have purchased lands they are unable to secure otherwise.

Fisheries Production

Salmon Is Canada's Most Important Fish, the Lobster Coming Second.

The fisheries production of Canada for the year 1920 reached a value of \$49,321,217, according to returns just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. British Columbia's fishing industry accounted for \$22,300,000 of the total, and that of Nova Scotia for \$12,700,000. Salmon is by far Canada's most important fish, the lobster coming second, and cod, halibut and herring in the order named. Nearly \$2,000,000 worth of whitefish were marketed.

American Rancher in B. C.

Albert H. McCarthy, of New York, Has 5,000 Acres Near Wilford.

Encouraged by the success he has attained in the Lake Windermere district since he first settled there some eight years ago, Albert H. McCarthy, of New York, has decided to go into the cattle raising industry and for this purpose has purchased some 5,000 acres of land near Wilford. A force of carpenters and others are at work putting up the necessary buildings, which consist of several dwelling houses, large barns and feeding sheds, etc.

Saskatchewan Highways

Extensive Programme Is Mapped Out By Department for this Year.

Nearly a million dollars worth of work in the province is now under construction or is about to commence by the Saskatchewan Department of Highways or by municipalities under contract with the department. The programme includes the construction of 230 miles of provincial highways, a somewhat smaller mileage of main market roads, 16 steel and concrete bridges, 90 timber bridges, and 9 reservoirs.

Fur Sealing On B.C. Coast.

West Coast Indians expect to take about two thousand fur seals this season. Last year the catch was twelve hundred. Indians are the only persons who can legally take these animals, outside the legal percentage permitted by International Treaty.

Prince Rupert Fisheries.

For the first two weeks of May, the halibut receipts for Prince Rupert totalled 1,600,000 pounds, exceeding for a like period anything in the history of the fishing industry. This is exclusive of 200,000 pounds which was forced to go to other points.

There are natives in Central Africa who can jump five feet into the air from a standing position without an effort.

The best type of man for long life is rather short and below the normal weight, it is said.

Long-headed clergymen preach short sermons.

Play is the work a man does that isn't compulsory.

Sylvia Pankhurst Freed



Sylvia Pankhurst, recently released from Holloway Jail, London, after serving five months as a result of articles that appeared in her Communist paper, "Workers' Dreadnaught."

Human Qualities of Sims

Nothing Petty or Small in His Open-Hearted Manner.

In his human qualities as in his naval exploits Admiral Sims is after the American people's own heart.

When this grizzled, rugged, open sea warrior, who will be sung in fame and fable for his achievement in the great war of all history, was the object of an attempted humiliation put upon him by a man of very little consequence in the big affairs of this big world, various and varied may have been the opinions as to how the renowned Admiral would take it.

Admiral Sims might have blazed into indignation, or he might have withdrawn in silence.

But Admiral Sims did none of these things when Denby offered him the petty affront. With his honest sailor speech and jolly sailor laugh that splendidly tamed the German submarines manfully blurted out to the public: "Having spilled the beans, I get what was coming to me."

The more the American people see of Sims, their great naval figure of the war, the better he looks to them. - New York Herald.

Developing Grain

Benefits Derived From Improving Strains In Cereals.

What can be done in the west in respect of developing grains, trees, fruits and vegetables was illustrated forcibly by George H. Hutton, of the Canadian Pacific Railway's Department of Natural Resources, when addressing the Calgary Board of Trade for he stated that during last year alone, Alberta had realized from \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000 more from Marquis wheat due to the work of Dr. Saunders, of the Dominion experimental farms, who evolved this type from the Red Fife and the Calcutta Hard.

Manitoba Rural Credits.

There are now seventy-five rural credit societies in Manitoba, seven new ones having been organized since the end of the fiscal year last November, according to C. Gifford, supervisor. Loans granted total \$1,640,000, which is about \$67,000 less than last season.

Strawberries In Manitoba.

It is predicted by agricultural authorities that within ten years the province of Manitoba will be producing sufficient tame strawberries to entirely fill her preserving needs and the bulk of those required for immediate consumption.

Saskatchewan Sulphide for Ontario.

The drying plant which is being constructed at Fusilier, Sask., for the Soda Deposits, Limited, is now completed and arrangements are being made to ship the product to the pulp mill at Dryden, Ontario.

Growth of the U. F. A.

The United Farmers of Alberta, the premier agricultural society of the province, has of late years increased in its membership by leaps and bounds, now numbering with women and children more than 32,000.

Got a Backhand.

"What did Edith say when you asked her for her hand?" "She simply said, 'You take the palm'." - Boston Transcript.

If there were no air, a lump of lead and a tin feather when dropped from the hand together would reach the ground at precisely the same time.

My First Dog Driving

By O-G-E-MAS-ES (Little Clerk).

(Copyrighted)

(Continued)

I also speedily adopted the native dress which is infinitely the best for the north. A dark blue 3/4 ell blanket capot, unlined, which came about halfway to the knee, and strange to say they were made without buttons but fastened with buckskin thongs and gartering. Then stroud leggings coming halfway up the thigh, made loosely and always with a fringe on the outside seam, white for every day and blue for festive occasions. These were always gartered firmly below the knee. Then best of all, a full-sized la assumption belt of many colors which was girded above the hips and formed a great support and also made the costume much warmer. A huge pair of fur or moose skin mittens were always carried as a spare. These were fastened together by a thong long enough to go over the belt. Gloves or light mitts were used when running, but if caught in a storm or lost track the big ones were essential.

The first experience a tender foot has when running is to sweat violently, and here the ordinary wool sock is but of little use as it gets wet where you tread and is difficult and slow to dry. So I soon discarded them and adopted the oblong duff of stroud square, which can be dried in a minute or two at any stop and there are four changes, one in each corner of it. I still kept the legs of the wool stockings and simply cut the feet off.

There is another most important part of a dog driver's equipment, and that is the whip. The ordinary husky is as cute as a fox and quite often as wicked as a bear, so his respect for his driver is governed by the latter's ability to punish. A good whip is made of plaited deerkin thongs over a round heart, which is loaded with shot tapering in size. Four, six or eight thongs are used, according to taste. First-class whip makers were famous and found a ready sale for their whips practically at their own prices. The handle was of hardwood, sixteen to twenty inches long, and loaded at the end.

It was a fearful sight to see Johnny Beads when thoroughly excited by the conduct of his team, applying the whip. Upsetting his flat sleigh and placing his foot on the culprit whose yells could be heard for miles, while his mates would join in sympathy. At every stroke the hair would fly from the shoulders to the hips. The Russian Knout could not have been much worse. The whip, however, was not brutal, but a club was, and I have often interfered when the latter was used. Fortunately my own team were so willing and high-spirited that a whip was not necessary. Sired by a Scotch stag hound, their mother a husky, they all took after the father in disposition, and were the only first-class team I was ever lucky enough to own. The whip, however, was always necessary at feeding time to protect your own team. Two whitefish was the day's meal for each dog and this was his breakfast, dinner and supper all in one, for as a rule dogs were never fed in the daytime; though with my fast travellers, especially when alone, I found a small quantity of dried or pounded meat very helpful in the middle of the day. These fish were carried frozen and were thawed at night before the camp fire. They are stuck through the tails by a stick called the spede, which was useful to carry them by. Feeding time arrives and the dogs consisting of two, three or four teams, have been watching the fish at the fire closely. You call your own dogs, all the men being a little distance apart. My dogs were delicate and did not bolt the fish in two bites as Brandy would. Accordingly an attack would be made on my team by the other dogs every night, and at first I would yell for assistance, much to the amusement of the other drivers.

And so the days went on. Post after post was visited by the factor until we were homeward bound for Fort Ellis, making the last camp at Riding Mountain House with some sixty miles to go. The iron factor still kept me ahead and descending a hill, a branch caught my snow goggles and whirled them into space. One could find them, so on we went; and consequently I was laid up for a day or two with a severe attack of snow blindness which is most painful. The native cure is to steam the eyes over strong black tea and poultice them with the leaves.

Speaking of pains in one place which are dreaded by dog drivers, I was camping later on when I had Johnny Beads and the Qu'Appelle River en route to Fort Pelly, and after we had made our camp he took his blanket and axe and started for the ice. I watched him with interest as he steadily chopped for half an hour and at last struck the water which, as usual, rose to the top. He then stripped off his moose skin pants and moccasins and held his leg in the ice water right up to his middle for over five minutes. Then, wrapping his blanket round him, he came tearing up through the snow barefooted to camp. "What have you been doing Johnny?" I asked. "Oh," he replied, "I had a pain in my leg and that is the best cure!"

Men and Conditions

Within the Power of Many to Control Conditions of Various Kinds.

"You may think gods are the foundation of business," said a successful merchant a short time ago. "But they are not; men are the foundation." This merchant, in an interview, persisted in talking of men rather than business "conditions." Men to him, were the controlling factor in trade affairs at any time. The right kind of men could do much to control and shape conditions; other kinds of men were dominated by the conditions. The fact which this prominent man of business emphasized may be widely applied. The differences of conditions anywhere are largely the differences of men. One man makes misfortune, financial or otherwise, the opportunity for some kind of advancement; another apparently is unable to do anything but accept the conditions as they come and allow himself to be molded by them. Here is the difference that counts - the difference in men. It is within the power of many to control conditions of various kinds. Whether they will to exercise this power becomes the determining factor in their lives. - Kansas City Star.

British Capital Interested In Oil.

Several prominent British financiers, interested in oil development, are expected in Calgary this summer, to investigate not only the northern oil fields but the producing area of Southern Alberta.

Women Lawyers In Alberta.

Another woman, Rose Rein, has successfully passed her final examinations in law and has been authorized by the Alberta Law Society, to practise her profession in Alberta.

Faculties of Journalism

Resolution Urging Governments to Add Journalism to Curriculum.

Recommending that faculties of journalism be established in provincial universities throughout Canada, the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association adopted a resolution at its convention held in Vancouver recently urging that provincial governments take steps to add journalism to the curriculum of universities. The resolution expressed commendation of Manitoba and Ontario as the pioneer provinces in this respect.

Tractor Sales in the West

Estimated That There Are 33,000 Tractors Now In Use.

Last year 10,279 tractors were sold in Western Canada, distributed as follows: Manitoba, 3,671; Saskatchewan, 4,229; Alberta, 2,379. The number of tractors sold in the west during the past four years is as follows: 1917, 5,000; 1918, 7,000; 1919, 9,000; 1920, 10,279. It is estimated that there are 33,000 tractors now in use and sales for 1921 will probably reach the 7,500 mark.

Voting In Ancient Pompeii.

Ancient Pompeians had both primary and general elections, similar to those we have in every town and city each spring. They were in the midst of an exciting local election, it is indicated by remains discovered when Pompeii was destroyed in 79 A.D.

The patriotic man is loyal to his country and to the community in which he lives. If he is consistent he will give first preference to Canadian-made goods when making purchases. He will also stand loyally by his local dealer.

Irma Cash Meat Market

SPECIAL HOME CURED - BACON -

made from local Hogs.
45c per lb. by the Piece.

FRESH and CURED MEATS
LARD and SHORTENING
ALWAYS ON HAND,
WANTED VEAL CALVES.

L. C. HATCH, Prop.
Irma, Alberta.

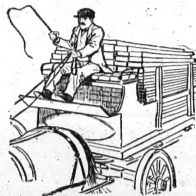
Buying or Selling at Calgary Stock Yards

No need of carrying large sums of money, certified checks, bank drafts, no need to worry about exchange, etc., when buying or selling at the Calgary Stock Yards.

The new Calgary Stock Yards Branch of the Merchants Bank of Canada will serve you, by transferring funds to or from your home bank.



THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA
Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
IRMA BRANCH
W. MASSON, Manager.



a load of lumber
from here is a load of satisfaction.

Its very pleasant to be able to take planks to be able to take planks and joists at random, knowing that everyone will be first-class in every respect. No time lost in looking for good stuff, where all is good. Time saved is money saved.

Farmers Mutual Lbr Co

P. J. HARDY
Manager

IRMA,
Alberta

Lumber Profits SLAUGHTERED

We bought lumber at high prices and are now selling it at less than cost. Our loss is the consumers' gain.

No Reason for Delaying

to build now. Our prices are down to bed-rock. Take advantage of this and build now.

"BETTER Lumber for Home Building"

THE IMPERIAL LUMBER Co., LTD.
T. H. FLEMING, Manager.

THE IRMA TIMES

Irma, Alberta.

H. G. Thunell, Publisher.
H. W. Love, Editor.

An independent newspaper published every Friday at Irma, Alberta, Can. SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Canada, one year \$2.50 Great Britain and U.S. \$2.00 ADVERTISING RATES. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local columns are ten cents per line first insertion and five cents per line each succeeding insertion. Legal notices 15c per line first insertion, 10c per line each succeeding insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money making character are 10c per line. Resolutions of respect one dollar for each insertion. Obituaries 50c. Memorials 50c. Notices of array or estray animals, three insertions for \$1.50. All changes of advertisements must be in not later than Tuesday to insure change for that week.

FEDERAL ELECTIONS NEXT YEAR

The result of the voting in this province last Monday will probably have an indirect effect on forthcoming federal cabinet conferences in regard to dissolution and election, which are certain to follow the return of Premier Meighen to Canada.

Western members have been for redistribution before an election, and it is generally accepted that the results in the three western provincial elections will lessen that pressure.

It is admitted in government circles at Ottawa that there are two shades of opinion in regard to dissolution and an early election. Several members of the cabinet are advocating an early election. However, among the members of parliament supporting the government, there has during the past few months, been plenty of evidence that they desire to continue for another year without a contest.

While the decision will rest chiefly with the premier, it can be said that the expectations are that the government will decide to carry on through another year until the census has been completed and redistribution is provided on the basis of the increased population.

"WE PRODUCE THE WEALTH: WE SHARE IT WITH YOU."

Such was the burden of a message sent out by the Farmers' Party during the recent campaign. It was effective but untrue, in some respects. That is, it was a half truth which is worse to combat than a whole lie. Let us examine this in the light of the dispassionate feeling which should exist after an election. It is quite true that the farmers produce the necessities of life so far as these are required by the residents of towns and cities.

Farmers produce no wealth; not one cent's worth of wealth do they produce. They produce certain raw materials which, after manufacturing processes, are necessary for the use of others. No one eats plain wheat; no one eats raw beef or pork; with some few exceptions no one eats any stuff as it leaves the farms. All this raw material must be made palatable to the taste of the consumer or it is only wasted.

Take then the position of the consumer. He is the man who actually produces the wealth. Without the consumer to take of the surplus of the production of the farm, that production is not wealth but waste.

One end of the community cannot exist without the other. True, farmers can so abuse and produce any amount of stuff, but after they have provided for themselves, their surplus must be absorbed by the general community or the world at large or their "wealth" as we said before, becomes only "waste."

This theme is capable of considerable elaboration, but there is enough said here to enable any thinking farmer to take into his earnest thought the fact that while he is one, (and a very necessary one) of the community he isn't the only one to be thought of.—Vergiville Observer

RODDED BUILDINGS

IMMUNE TO LIGHTNING

"We have not had a rodDED building burned for years, and the damage to them is very small. We make a difference in rates in favor of rodDED buildings, and after half are rodDED."

—Manager, Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

In 1919, Ontario alone had 1104 fires caused by lightning, in all classes of buildings, the greater portion of which were farm barns and residences. The monetary loss on farm buildings and contents amounted to \$401,711, that on buildings being \$24,830 and on contents \$153,321. In 1920, the loss was \$223,144 while in 1921, it was \$178,507.

It has been clearly established that the installation of lightning rods on farm buildings is the best protection against lightning fires. The Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association and farmers' mutual fire insurance companies have had the advantage of lightning rods so impressed upon them by actual results that most of them grant a preference in rates to rodDED risks.

Unfortunately for the lightning rod industry, some thirty or more years ago many farmers were swindled by unscrupulous agents, and the experience is still remembered in many farm homes, to the disadvantage of representatives of the companies now in the field. It would seem the part of wisdom for an educational campaign initiated by the farmers themselves, to impress upon the rural population, in an unbiased manner, the almost absolute protection to their lives and property which can be secured through the installation of an efficient and thoroughly inspected system of lightning rods. The Ontario Fire Marshall has recently published in pamphlet form an address by Mr. George F. Lewis, on "Lightning: its Origin and Control," which will be sent upon request.

VACATIONS SHOULD BE SPENT IN CANADA

Beauty Spots Invite Our People to Visit Them This Summer.

Planning vacation trips is one of the pleasures in the average Canadian home. The approaching holiday season tempts the mind to wander to shady nooks to the seaside, to the fishing ground and camp.

Canada offers to her people all the attractions it is possible to desire either for recreation or change. We have all conditions of temperate and altitude from the sea level to the mountain heights. In our inland lakes and streams we have almost every variety of fresh water fish, with boating and bathing to satisfy the most exacting.

Why, then, should we look beyond our borders for summer resorts? There is an old saying that the fish is always better on the other side of the creek; can it be that this is the reason why so many Canadians cross to the United States every year to spend their vacations, regardless of the superior attractions at home?

Canada wants us to see our own country. By spending their money at home, Canadians will realize more fully what a wonderful heritage we possess, and will help to overcome the discount to which our money is subjected on the other side of the line.

The Dominion Parks Branch and the passenger departments of our railway and steamship lines have much interesting literature on Canada's beauty spots, which will be sent free for the asking. These booklets contain much information that will help to decide Canadians to spend their vacations in their own country.

MY LITTLE TOWN

My little town, what art thou to me? Fortunes rich thou canst not give Nor art thou pretty, so, I wonder Why in thee I choose to live?

My little town thou hast not beauty, Humbly built of boards and nails, Thy houses, all are feeble structures, In the test of time will fail.

My little town, some say you are Only out for greed and gain; That your sole aim is to make profit Of farmers' stock and grain.

My little town, sometimes I hate thee There are times when I do seem Thy folk are jealous of each other, And do actions small and mean.

My little town; more oft I love thee For in thee are many hearts Who, when needed, are always willing To act true and kindly parts.

My little town; I pause and wonder If I'm selfish when I say That in thee I have found an easy Little part to do each day.

My little town; is this the reason? That for thee I've much to do My life is useful in thy service And your folks are kind and true

My little town; I linger in thee Tho' I've thought to go away Thy peoples' many kindly actions Draw me closer, so I stay.

Famous Last Words

"I wonder if its loaded, I'll look down the barrel and see."

"Oh, listen! That's the train whistle. Step on the accelerator and we'll try to get across before it comes."

"They say these things can't possibly explode, no matter how much you throw them around."

"I wonder whether this rope will hold my weight."

"It's no fun swimming around in here. I'm going out beyond the life lines."

"Which one of these is the third rail anyway?"

"There's only one way to manage a mule. Walk right up back of him and surprise him."

"Watch me skate out past the 'Danger' sign. I bet I can touch it."

"These traffic policemen think they own the city. They can't stop me. I am going across the street now. Let the chauffeurs look out for me."

"What a fine day today. That snake makes me think I'll step on him."

Expert Tells Why Motor

Car Has More Power at Night Than During Day

Speaking in a general sense a motor ought to run better at night than in the day-time. Whether it does so or not has been a matter of argument between motorists ever since motorists existed, and one really remembers columns of discussion that lasted for years in almost all the early automobile magazines.

Really the thing is very simple, says that engineering authority, A. Ludlow Clayton, in the current issue of Motor Life. One is liable to forget that two things are burned in a gasoline motor, gasoline and air. Neither can burn without the other. Also to get the best and most powerful combustion the proportions of gasoline to air cannot vary very much. To one cylinder full of air so much gasoline and no more can be added.

To one cylinder full of air! What is a cylinder full? The answer is that it all depends what you fill it from. Everybody knows that when driving in very high altitudes the rarefied air causes a noticeable loss of power; anyone who has driven at 5,000 feet elevation cannot fail to have observed this.

Now the real reason for the loss of power it that owing to the rarifying effect of the altitude, the piston can only suck in a smaller amount of air, which will only carry it with a small amount of gasoline and so will only produce a feeble explosion. Of course the volume of air taken in on the suction stroke is just the same whatever the altitude, but its weight is less in proportion as the altitude increases and the ratio for the best combustion is between the weight of the gas and the weight of the air necessary to ensure reasonably complete combustion.

Other things have the same effect as altitude. For instance, heat rarifies air by expanding it so that on a hot day the air charge which an engine can breathe in is smaller in weight than it would be on a cold day.

Here is one of the principle reasons why an automobile motor does run better at night. Night air is almost always cooler than day air, so at night an engine can get a heavier charge and so produce a more powerful impulse at each explosion.

Not only is the air taken in the engine cooler and so heavier, but the presence of a cooler atmosphere means that the water cooling will be more effective, that the motor will in itself be cooler.

Yet another thing is that night air often is damper than day air. The poetic mists of eventide cool down the motor as well as perhaps making the driver turn up his coat collar. Haven't you ever noticed the motor drops back in a rain shower? Well, the effect of dampness in the air is just the same.

Not only does the damp help by cooling slightly better in what might be called burning quality. The best kind of an explosion is obtainable from air that is not absolutely dry. Dampness in the air within the cylinder makes the explosion less violent. The combustion, one might say, is slowed down ever so little so that the gas gives more of a push and less of a kick to the piston.

BENEFICIAL EFFECTS OF SCHOOL FAIRS

School fairs are to the boys and girls of the land what the larger fairs are to adults. By this time they should be thoroughly organized; Prize lists published and circulated and programmes of proceedings prepared, the two indeed given in one publication. These fairs increase in number every year and are proving of inestimable value in the agricultural education of the young and even in beneficially influencing the more mature. Of course boys and girls clubs were the principal feeders of the fairs, but entries are usually accepted from children who are not members of any such organization. Agricultural representatives all testify to the splendid effect, the fairs are having upon farm life and agricultural pursuits generally. One, for instance, writes "I do not know of any one thing which is a greater factor in improving the farm production and the farm industry of the country than the school fairs. Practical results, school fairs have had a very effective influence in encouraging teachers to take up the teaching of agriculture in the public schools."

Another says: "The importance of the school fair cannot be overemphasized. It teaches our future farmers how they can take the most out of the soil. It makes our rural people better and happier." In recognition of the truth of the old adage "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," a programme of sports is usually included in the day's list of proceedings.

RAILWAY RATES DOWN
As an assist to the cattle market, which they realize is in a bad way at the present time, the railway companies are cutting freight rates on cattle shipments by twenty-five per cent. The new cut is being made voluntarily, and a further announcement will be made within the next week.

Railway men in Montreal employed in the maintenance of way and shop departments have also agreed to a wage cut, and it is expected that other railway employees will follow suit. This may mean a general reduction in railway tariffs both freight and passenger, all over Canada.

IRMA L.O.L. No. 2066
Meets on the last Thursday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visitors always welcome.

J. S. Yarr, W. M.
W. Ketchen, R. S.
S. J. Brown, J. S.



I.O.O.F. No. 56
Irma Lodge Oddfellows
Meets every Tuesday evening in Co-op Hall. Officers for present term are:

Bro. Geo. Sawyer, J. P. G.
Bro. A. Knapp, P. G.
Bro. N. M. Mathison, V. G.
Bro. Chas. Wilber, R. Secy.
Bro. C. G. Hockin, Fin. Secy.
Bro. R. J. Tate, Treas.
Visiting Oddfellows are always welcome.

H. W. LOVE
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
LOANS
IRMA, - - - ALTA.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY No. 1036

Meets on the second Monday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome.

J. W. Graydon, W. P.
Dr. S. R. McGregor, Reg.
J. W. Wyatt, Treas.

J. W. WYATT
Notary Public
Real Estate, Loans, Fire and Life Insurance.
Conveyancing
Main St. Irma, Alta.

FIELDHOUSE & HUNTER
BARRISTERS - SOLICITORS
NOTARIES
Money to Loan—Fire and Life Insurance Written
Main St. - - - Irma, Alta.

Cream
The Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.
WANT YOUR CREAM.

Our Buyer and Tester at Irma is an old timer in the district and well known to you all. If you wish direct shipment send us your can. We will give you a straight deal and the highest market price either way.

TALK IT OVER WITH WATKINSON.

Dr. S. R. McGregor
Physician and Surgeon
Day and night calls at office back of Drug Store.

S. R. BOWERMAN
AUCTIONEER

for the Province of Alberta, will be pleased to communicate with any person wishing to put on a sale. Have had 8 years experience. Write or phone at my expense.

ADDRESS PHONE NO. 86
Wainwright - Alberta

Come In and Inspect Our Lines

We handle the following machinery and supplies, Massey-Harris Farm Implements, Tractors, and Cream Separators, Hart-Parr, Beaver, Heider, and Fairbanks-Morse Tractors, Waterloo Champion Threshing Machines, Dominion Farm Lighting Plants, Shinn-Platt Lightning Rods, and



We also have the Page Milking Machine complete for only \$185.00.

High-grade oils, greases, and gasoline; Tires, Tubes and Accessories, first-class car repairing done. Old Ford Motors ebored and refitted. Prices reasonable.

McDOUGALL & MORRISON JARROW

DISPOSITION OF DEAD ANIMALS IS AFFAIR OF MOMENT

Often when animals die on the farm no disposal is made of their carcasses other than to drag them into a field or nearby woods, where they are left on the surface of the ground to decompose or to be eaten by crows, dogs and other scavengers, or animals which feed on carrion.

The carcasses of animals which have succumbed to infectious diseases, blackleg, tuberculosis, etc., are charged with myriads of virulent disease germs and just as long as they remain where scavengers can reach them, and portions of them can be carried away promiscuously, they are a dangerous menace over a large territory to all animals which are liable to be attacked by disease germs. Even carcasses of animals which have died from other causes than infectious diseases, unless they are disposed of in a proper way, are a source of danger. Left on the surface of the ground their odor soon invites scavengers to congregate and to bring with them the infectious material with which they may become contaminated by eating carrion elsewhere.

Dead animals on the farm should be buried deep enough to prevent them from being dug up again, or they should be burned. To burn large carcasses like those of dead horses and cattle is difficult and laborious, and requires a large quantity of fuel. In most instances it is more economical to bury them. All animals which have died of infectious diseases, and are buried, should be covered with a heavy layer of lime before the graves are closed.

COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE FARM LAND

Pursuant to the order of A. Y. Blain Esq., K. C. Master of this Court there will be offered for sale, by A. A. Lusk at the Post Office, Irma, Alberta, at the hour of two o'clock, in the afternoon on Saturday the 6th August, A. D. 1921, subject to reservations and conditions contained in the original grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title, the following lands, namely:

The South-West Quarter of Section Two (2), Township Forty-six (46), Range Nine (9), West of the Fourth Meridian, reserving unto His Majesty, His Successors and Assigns, all Mines and minerals.

The Vendor is informed that there is a frame-house, frame barn, granary and pump house on the property. That the fences are in good state of repair and there is a good well on the land. That the land is favourably situated and is two miles from the Village of Irma, and two miles from the school and is of a rolling nature, the top soil is of black loam and the sub-soil of clay.

The property will be offered for sale, subject to a reserve bid. The purchaser will be required to pay down a deposit of 10 per cent of the purchase money, to the solicitor for the plaintiff herein at the time of sale, and the balance into court, to the credit of this action, within sixty days without interest, or if the purchaser prefers he may pay ten per cent of purchase price to plaintiff's solicitor at time of sale, pay \$1,500.00 into court to the credit of this action within sixty days without interest and execute a mortgage in favor of the Plaintiff for the balance with interest at eight per cent per annum in equal payment of principal and interest on 1st November each of the years 1922, 1923 and 1924.

The purchaser is to take the property subject to all assessments, rates and taxes unpaid subsequent to December 31st, 1920 and in all other respects upon the terms and conditions of the Court, as approved by a Master.

Further particulars may be had at the office of C. G. PURVIS, Solicitor, Viking, Alberta.

DATED at Edmonton Alberta, this 24th day of June A. D. 1921.

R. P. Wallace,

Clerk of Supreme Court

JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

Pursuant to the judgement and final order for sale there will be offered for sale by John W. Stuart, Auctioneer, at the Post Office in the Village of Irma, in the Province of Alberta, on Monday the 15th day of August, 1921 at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon:

6.2 acres more or less being a portion of the South-west Quarter of Section 34, Township 45, Range 9, West of the 4th Meridian in the Province of Alberta more particularly described as follows:—Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the Government Road Allowance between the north west Quarter of Section 27 and the south-west Quarter of Section 34 in the said Township which is distant 2229 feet from the south-west angle of the south-west quarter of Section 34; thence easterly along the said northerly boundary of said Government Road Allowance 410 feet more or less to the east boundary of the said south west quarter of Section 34; thence northerly along the said east boundary of said quarter section 660 feet more or less; thence westerly parallel to the said Government Road Allowance 410 feet more or less to a point which is on a line drawn at right angles to the said road allowance from the place of commencement; thence southerly along said line to the place of commencement; excepting all mines and minerals and subject to the reservations and conditions in the original grant from the crown or in the existing certificate of title.

The Vendor is informed that the lands immediately adjoining the Townsite of Irma, on the G. T. P. Railway.

There are a dwelling house, a small barn and complete fencing on the lands in fair state of repair.

The property will be sold subject to a reserve bid.

The terms of payment are 10 per cent cash on day of sale and the balance within sixty days thereafter without interest.

In other respects the standing conditions of sale of the Supreme Court of Alberta as approved by the master will govern.

Further particulars may be had from Messrs. Fieldhouse & Hunter, Barristers, Wainwright, Alta., Solicitors for the Vendor.

F. A. ROSS,

Clerk of Supreme Court

Approved: J. A. Morrison, A. D. J.

Why "Auto-Shoes"?

We figure that any automobile casing has a right to be called a "tire"—whether it's good, bad or indifferent. And we agree with the opinion that an exceptionally good casing deserves a distinctive name.

Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" are a much better performance than ordinary tires. That has been proved to our satisfaction. So we think it's a good idea to identify such unusual mileage givers by an easy-to-remember name—"Auto-Shoes."

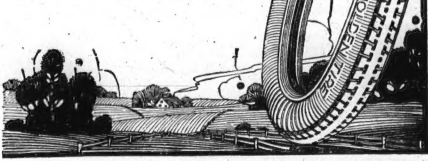
The main purpose of the name is to help you to get cheaper mileage. The guarantee behind Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" insures that you get it. If necessity for adjustment should ever arise you will find that you will get satisfaction without trouble or red tape.

They are the principal advantages that go with the name Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes." Drop in and let us show you the tires themselves.

• AMES HOLDEN "AUTO-SHOES"

Cord and Fabric Tires in all Standard Sizes

E. T. McDOWELL, Irma, Alberta



What about that-

Mower or Rake
McCormick Big Four

or

Deering Giant

- you will need

We carry a WELL ASSORTED Stock of Repairs. - - - Get Yours Now.

W. Ketchin & Co.

FOR A GOOD

Cold Drink, Dish of Ice Cream

Hot or Cold Lunch, Go to the--

IRMA Ice Cream Parlor

R. KENNETH STEWART, Prop.

Demand Al Azhar

Your Cigar Opportunity

Made in the province you make your money in

The Edmonton Cigar Factory, Limited.

EDMONTON ALBERTA CANADA

IRMA POOL ROOM and BARBER SHOP

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOES CIGARS, Etc.

Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

J. C. SHIRLEY
PROPRIETOR.

Stop

At the

ROYAL GEORGE HOTEL

The Home of Service and Comfort.

Royal George Hotel Co. Ltd.

101 St. Edmonton

2 Blocks from C.N.R. Depot.

Kodaks

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DEVELOPING and PRINTING

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Bassett's Drug Store

IRMA ALBERTA

DR. B. C. ARCHIBALD

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Kinsella, Alberta

Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2.30 to 4.30, 7.00 to 8.00 p. m.

Dr. H. H. LOCKWOOD
DENTIST

Wainwright - - - Alberta

Hay - Fever

SUMMER COLDS, ASTHMA, spoil many a holiday.

RAZ - MAH

Positively stops these troubles! Sneezing, weezing, coughing, weeping eyes aren't necessary unless you like being that way. \$1.00 at your druggist's, or write Templetons, Toronto, for a free trial.

Local Agent
Bassett's Drug Store

BOARD OF TRADE Irma, Alberta.

Meeting last Monday in each month.
Wm. Masson, E. T. McDowell,
President Sec'y.

L. R. DODDS
B. A., L. D. S., D. D. S.,
DENTAL SURGEON
IRMA, - - - Alberta

Wants, Notices Strays, Etc.

WANTED—Breaking or Summer fallow. Inquire L. Stougaard, Irma. 3-tp.

FOR SALE—Stoves and furniture, complete outfit.—A. Morey, Sec. 15-46-9 Irma 10-13p

FARM FOR RENT—South half 31-47-8, 265 acres stubble. Will pay \$300.00 for summerfallowing. Lessee to leave 100 ploughing at end of lease. See J. W. Wyatt, Irma or Dr. W. T. Haynes, Hardisty, Alta. 3t

NOTICE—Those who ordered young pigs from J. R. Love may get them Monday June 27th.

The Co-op Co. are preparing to resume the co-operative shipping of live stock. Anyone having stock ready for shipment should see Mr. Graydon manager of the Co-op.

NOTICE

I forbid anyone cutting hay on N.E. quarter 45-46-8-4th. This land is for Sale.

Annie C. Farnham,
Bancroft, Ontario

IMPOUND NOTICE

Impounded on the S. E. quarter of Sec. 14 - 46 - 12 W of 4th on the first day of June.

One Light Brown Stallion, weight about 1300 lbs has white spot in forehead and one white hind foot. Age 4 yrs old.

C. B. Roe, Pound Keeper,
Kinsella, Alta.

FOR SALE—7 foot Cut, Deering Binder in good running order. Price \$40.00 J. Merry, 12-47-9 Irma 16-21p

STRAYED—To S. E. 18146-9 one 3 or 4 year old steer, dark red brindle. Dehorned. Has indistinct brand. V. L. Nash. 17-21c

WANTED—Two men to handle the J. R. Watkins products. Good responsible men able to furnish outfits and sureties.—Box 278, Camrose Alta. 1tp

GOOD MOWER—and Rake for sale on time.—See J. W. Wyatt. 2t

OWNER NEEDS CASH.—The N. W. Quarter of Sec. 25-47-9, north of Irma, is offered for Sale at the low price of \$15.00 per acre if taken by Sept. 1st 1921. Write Geo. Lowman, Lawrence, Kansas. 16-20

BETTER NOW THAN AFTER DEATH

The people who have so much sympathy for those who have gone beyond all earthly help, might use a little of it in every day life to a good and excellent purpose. The idea of kicking people when alive and then for a person to weep over their grave when dead is what too many of us do and is one reason why the world is no better today. Speak your kind words to the living, and when you are dead you need not care what is said of you.

ADVERTISE

"He who has a thing to sell, And goes and whispers down a well, Is not as apt to get the dollar, As he who climbs a tree and HOLLERS."

Oh, Money! Money!

— BY —
ELEANOR H. PORTER

Printed by Special Arrangement
with The News, Viking, Toronto, Ont.

CHAPTER I.

Exit Mr. Stanley G. Fulton.

There was a thoughtful frown on the face of the man who was the possessor of twenty million dollars. It was a tall, spare man, with a fringe of reddish-brown hair encircling a bald spot. His blue eyes, fixed just now in a steady gaze upon the row of ponderous law books across the room, were friendly and benevolent in direct contradiction to the bulldog, never-to-be-fighting quality of the square jaw below the firm, rather thin lips.

The lawyer, a youthfully alert man of sixty years, trimly gray as to hair, hair, and mustache, sat idly watching him, yet with eyes that looked so intently that they seemed to listen.

For fully five minutes the two men had been pulling at their cigars in silence when the millionaire spoke.

"Ned, what am I going to do with my money?"

Into the lawyer's listening eyes flashed, for a moment, the keenly scrutinizing glance usually reserved for the witnesses on the other side.

"Send it yourself, I hope—for some years to come, Stanley."

Mr. Stanley G. Fulton was guilty of a slur and an unflinching glare.

"Thanks. Very pretty, and I appreciate it, of course. But I can't wear but one suit of clothes at a time, nor eat but one dinner—while, by the way, just now consists of somebody's health biscuits and hot water. Twenty millions don't really what you might call melt away at that rate."

The lawyer frowned.

"Shucks, Fulton!" he expostulated, with an irritable twist of his hand. "I thought better of you than that. This poor rich man's 'one-dinner-a-day' hard-luck story doesn't suit your style. Better cut it out."

"All right. Cut it is." The man smiled good-humoredly. "But you see I was nettled. You didn't get me at all. I asked you back to see to become of my money after I'd done spending it myself—the little that is left, of course."

Once more the lawyer's eyes flashed at that keenly scrutinizing glance.

"What was it, Fulton? A mid-night rabbit, or a case of mine? Not like mother used to make? Why, man alive, you're barely over fifty, yet. Cherish up! It's only a little matter of indigestion. There are a lot of good days and good dinners coming to you, yet."

The millionaire made wry face.

"Very likely—if I survive the biscuits. But, seriously, Ned, I'm in earnest. No, I don't think I'm going to die yet—yet. But I ran across young Bixby last night—got him home, in fact. Delivered him of his white-faced little wife. Talk about your maid-like 'dishes'!"

"Yes, I know. Too bad, too bad!"

"Hm-m; well, that's what one million did—inherited. It set me to thinking—of mine, when I get through with them."

"I see." The lawyer's lips came together a little grimly. "You've not made your will, I believe."

"No. Dreaded it, somehow. Funny how a man'll fight shy of a little thing like that, isn't it? And when we're so mighty particular where it goes while we're living?"

"Yes, I know; you're not the only one. You have relatives—some where, I surmise."

"Nothing nearer than cousins, third or fourth, back East. They'd get it, I suppose—without a will."

"Why don't you marry?"

"The millionaire repeated the wry face of a moment before."

"I'm not a marrying man. I never did care much for women—and I'm not fool enough to think that a woman would be apt to fall in love with my bald head. Nor am I obliging enough to care to hand the millions over to the woman that falls in love with them, taking me along as the necessary scum that holds the gold. If it comes to that, I'd rather risk the cousins. They, at least, are of my own blood, and they didn't angle to get the money."

"You know them?"

"Never saw 'em."

"Why not pick out a bunch of colleges and endow them?"

The millionaire shook his head.

"Doesn't appeal to me, somehow. Oh, of course it ought to, but—it just doesn't. That's all. Maybe if I was a college man myself—but—well, I had to die for what education I got."

"Very well—charities, then. There are numberless organizations that—"

He stopped abruptly at the other's uplifted hand.

"Organizations! Good heavens, I should think there were! I tried 'em once. I got that philanthropic bee in my bonnet, and I gave thousands, tens of thousands to 'em. Then I got to wondering where the money went."

Unexpectedly the lawyer chuckled.

"I never did know any man to invest without investigating, Fulton," he observed.

"With only a slur for an answer the other plunged in."

"Now, understand. I'm not saying that organized charity isn't all right, and doesn't do good, of course. Neither am I prepared to propose anything to take its place. And maybe the two or three I dealt with were particularly added to the sort of

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"I know; but, my dear fellow, what would you have? Surely, unorganized charity and promiscuous giving is worse—"

"Oh, yes, I've tried that way, too," shrugged the other. "There was a time when every Tom, Dick, and Harry, with a run-down shoe and a ragged coat, could count on me for a ten-spot by just holding out his hand. Frequently, too, they'd ask for a five-eyed little woman sternly told me one day that the indiscriminate charity of a millionaire was not only a curse to any community, but a scourge to the whole state. I believe she kindly included the nation, as well, bless her! And I thought I was doing good."

"What a blow—to you!" There was a whimsical smile in the lawyer's eyes.

"It was," the millionaire was smiling. "But she was right. It set me to thinking, and I began to follow those ten-spots—the ones that I could trace back to a name. I'd made 'em, I told you, some of them were all right, of course, and I made those fifty on the spot. But the others—"

I tell you, Ned, money that isn't earned is the most risky thing in the world. If I'd left half those wretches alone, they'd have braced up and helped themselves, maybe. As it was—"

Well, you never can tell as to the results of a so-called 'good' action. I'm thinking, however, I should say they are every bit as dangerous as the bad ones."

The lawyer laughed outright.

"But my dear fellow, that's just where the organized charity comes in. Don't you see?"

"Oh, yes, I know—Case number twenty-three thousand seven hundred and forty-one! And that's all right, of course. Relief of some sort is always needed. But I like, I'd like to see a little man sympathetically injected into it, some way. Give the machine a heart, say, as well as hands and a brain."

"Then why don't you try it yourself?"

"Not just yet!" His gesture of dissent was emphatic. "I have tried it, in a way, and failed. That's why I'd like someone else to tackle the job. And I've asked you back to see to become of my money after I'd done spending it myself—the little that is left, of course."

Once more the lawyer's eyes flashed at that keenly scrutinizing glance.

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"It was," the millionaire was smiling. "But she was right. It set me to thinking, and I began to follow those ten-spots—the ones that I could trace back to a name. I'd made 'em, I told you, some of them were all right, of course, and I made those fifty on the spot. But the others—"

I tell you, Ned, money that isn't earned is the most risky thing in the world. If I'd left half those wretches alone, they'd have braced up and helped themselves, maybe. As it was—"

Well, you never can tell as to the results of a so-called 'good' action. I'm thinking, however, I should say they are every bit as dangerous as the bad ones."

The lawyer laughed outright.

"But my dear fellow, that's just where the organized charity comes in. Don't you see?"

"Oh, yes, I know—Case number twenty-three thousand seven hundred and forty-one! And that's all right, of course. Relief of some sort is always needed. But I like, I'd like to see a little man sympathetically injected into it, some way. Give the machine a heart, say, as well as hands and a brain."

"Then why don't you try it yourself?"

"Not just yet!" His gesture of dissent was emphatic. "I have tried it, in a way, and failed. That's why I'd like someone else to tackle the job. And I've asked you back to see to become of my money after I'd done spending it myself—the little that is left, of course."

Once more the lawyer's eyes flashed at that keenly scrutinizing glance.

"What was it, Fulton? A mid-night rabbit, or a case of mine? Not like mother used to make? Why, man alive, you're barely over fifty, yet. Cherish up! It's only a little matter of indigestion. There are a lot of good days and good dinners coming to you, yet."

The millionaire made wry face.

"Very likely—if I survive the biscuits. But, seriously, Ned, I'm in earnest. No, I don't think I'm going to die yet—yet. But I ran across young Bixby last night—got him home, in fact. Delivered him of his white-faced little wife. Talk about your maid-like 'dishes'!"

"Yes, I know. Too bad, too bad!"

"Hm-m; well, that's what one million did—inherited. It set me to thinking—of mine, when I get through with them."

"I see." The lawyer's lips came together a little grimly. "You've not made your will, I believe."

"No. Dreaded it, somehow. Funny how a man'll fight shy of a little thing like that, isn't it? And when we're so mighty particular where it goes while we're living?"

"Yes, I know; you're not the only one. You have relatives—some where, I surmise."

"Nothing nearer than cousins, third or fourth, back East. They'd get it, I suppose—without a will."

"Why don't you marry?"

"The millionaire repeated the wry face of a moment before."

"I'm not a marrying man. I never did care much for women—and I'm not fool enough to think that a woman would be apt to fall in love with my bald head. Nor am I obliging enough to care to hand the millions over to the woman that falls in love with them, taking me along as the necessary scum that holds the gold. If it comes to that, I'd rather risk the cousins. They, at least, are of my own blood, and they didn't angle to get the money."

"You know them?"

"Never saw 'em."

"Why not pick out a bunch of colleges and endow them?"

The millionaire shook his head.

"Doesn't appeal to me, somehow. Oh, of course it ought to, but—it just doesn't. That's all. Maybe if I was a college man myself—but—well, I had to die for what education I got."

"Very well—charities, then. There are numberless organizations that—"

He stopped abruptly at the other's uplifted hand.

"Organizations! Good heavens, I should think there were! I tried 'em once. I got that philanthropic bee in my bonnet, and I gave thousands, tens of thousands to 'em. Then I got to wondering where the money went."

Unexpectedly the lawyer chuckled.

"I never did know any man to invest without investigating, Fulton," he observed.

"With only a slur for an answer the other plunged in."

"Now, understand. I'm not saying that organized charity isn't all right, and doesn't do good, of course. Neither am I prepared to propose anything to take its place. And maybe the two or three I dealt with were particularly added to the sort of

thing I objected to. But, honestly, Ned, if you just heart and friendliness, and money, and were just ready to chuck the whole shooting-match, how would you like to become a 'Case'?"

any community, but a community of seven hundred and forty-one, ticked and doctored, and duly apportioned to a six-by-nine mile of do this and do that, with a dozen spectacled eyes watching you being cleaned up and regulated and wound up with a key made of just so much and no more pats and preambles carefully weighed and labeled? How would you like it?"

The lawyer laughed.

"I know; but, my dear fellow, what would you have? Surely, unorganized charity and promiscuous giving is worse—"

"Oh, yes, I've tried that way, too," shrugged the other. "There was a time when every Tom, Dick, and Harry, with a run-down shoe and a ragged coat, could count on me for a ten-spot by just holding out his hand. Frequently, too, they'd ask for a five-eyed little woman sternly told me one day that the indiscriminate charity of a millionaire was not only a curse to any community, but a scourge to the whole state. I believe she kindly included the nation, as well, bless her! And I thought I was doing good."

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"Yes, I know. Too bad, too bad!"

CLOSING OUT

AUCTION SALE

Having been instructed by the owner, I will sell by Public Auction Horses, Cattle, Farm Implements, Etc.

N. E. 1/4. 12-46-9w4

Friday, August 5th

11 HEAD OF HORSES

Registered Clyde Mare, aged, Mare, 5 yrs old, in foal 1450 lbs; weight 1550 lbs; Registered Black Mare, 9 yrs old, in foal 1300 lbs; Black Gelding, 8 yrs old, 1300 lbs; Black Mare, 4 yrs old, in foal 1350 lbs; Bay Mare, 4 yrs old, in foal 1350 lbs; Mare 8 yrs old; Mare, 2 yrs old; Team of Geldings, 2 yrs old; Yearling Filly.

45 HEAD OF CATTLE

Seven Extra Good Milk Cows, giving milk now; Three Extra Good Milk Cows, to freshen soon; Five Cows with calves at foot; 9 Yearling Steers and Heifers; 4 Heifers, 2 yrs old; 8 Steers, 2 yrs old; Grade Hereford Bull, 2 yrs old; Registered Berkshire Sow; Seven Pigs, 10 weeks old; 40 Pure Bred White Leghorn Hens, 40 Buff, 2 Rocks; Pair Turkeys.

IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

8 ft Massey-Harris Binder;

Frost and Wood, Mower; McCormick Rake; McCormick 16 disc Harrow; 10 inch Oliver Gang Plow, 4 extra shears; 16 ft Lever Drag Harrow; 5 Horse Tandem Hitch; 1 1/2 h.p. Gas Engine; Galvanized Coal-oil Tank; Water Tank, 2 Metal Hog Troughs, Farm Wagon complete, Hay Rack, Set Bain Bob Sleighs, Democrat, Good Rubber Tired Buggy, Grain Picker, 45 Grain Bags, 2 Sets Heavy Harness, 1/2 Extra Harness, Set Democrat Harness, Set Single Driving Harness, Portable Coal Bin, Engine House 8 ft by 12 ft, 3 Grainaries 10 ft by 16 ft Shingled Roof; 50 acres of land, 20 acres of Barley standing crop, Will be offered for sale; Bedstead Complete, 1/2 Bed Complete, Single Bed, Sewing Machine, Oil Stove, No. 9 Cook Stove, Heater, Dresser Table and Chairs.

Terms—All articles of \$25 and under cash; over that amount half payable Dec. 1st, 1921, balance due Nov. 1st, 1922 on approved bankable joint notes bearing 8 per cent interest. A discount of 5 per cent for cash on credit amounts.

Lunch at Noon Sale Immediately After

ANGUS McMILLAN Prop.

R. J. TATE, Clerk J. W. STEWART, Auct.

CORRESPONDENCE

I noticed in the Irma Times that the U. F. A. local have formed a Branch of the Alberta Milk and Cream Assoc.

This is a fine idea and should lead to good results. The aim of this society is to get sufficient money for them to pay expenses and make a fair profit. We all know that a person is not in business for the good of his health alone. For the last two and a half years I have been interested in the Dairy Business and have watched it very closely and do not think that the farmer is getting all that he is entitled to. The Laws governing Milk and Cream in the province have been made by the Alberta Dairymen's Assn. and the Prov. Government and prices made by the Alberta Dairymen's Assn. of milk and cream are fixed by the large dairies which are very few in comparison to the number of producers in this Province. All Creamery stations are forced by the Dairymen's Act to have a full equipment to test for Butter Fat and the quantity of milk or cream.

Under this Act the Babcock Testing Equipment shall be held to include a Thermometer of known relative accuracy and a suitable vessel for tempering the Tests prior to the reading of the fat column of each such Test.

The said fat column shall be read at a temperature, which is not over one hundred and forty (140) and not under one hundred and thirty (130) degrees Fahrenheit.

The Equipment for determining the quantity of any lot of milk or cream shall be held to include (1) a measuring device called a Burette which is graduated to one tenth of one cubic centimetre, (2) a Standard Indicator and (3) a neutralizer of known alkalinity.

Under the provisions of Section 47 of "The Dairymen's Act" states that a copy (Grade Standards and Grade Description of cream) must be posted in plain view in the grading room of every Creamery and Cream Station operating in Alberta so that any farmer may read same when delivering his cream.

It is my opinion that at several of the Creameries the law is not carried out to the full. It may be when the inspector is around, but as soon as he is gone then competition between the different agents starts and regulations are not carried out.

A great deal the farmer should know in what is the test of milk that each of his cows give separately. The Government have appointed several men in the province to test milk and why not take advantage of it—Interested Farmer.

Wm. M. WILLIAMS DEAD

Word reached Irma last Monday that Mr. Wm. M. Williams had passed away in Montreal. Up till the middle of May Mr. Williams lived on the south west Quarter of Section 18-8, on account of poor health Mr. Williams sold his farm and went to his former home at Armstrong, Quebec. No particulars have been received but we presume that Mr. Williams' health has failed to improve in the east.

Two sons and two daughters are left by the deceased all of whom we understand reside in Quebec.

Deck Hopper had the misfortune to lose his house and all his personal belongings by fire last week. There is no insurance. Hard Luck.

Quite a lot of road work has been done on the north side of the Valley (this summer in Twp 47, and the roads in that part of the country are beginning to be passable. Mr. T. A. Lindberg is road boss this year.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Charles Holt received the sad news of his father's death last week.

Crops are looking well but need rain.

Quite a number of Valleyites took in the Chautauqua at Irma.

Miss Lydia Denison is visiting at Vermillion at present.

Albert Hughes has traded his quarter to Reg. Moor.

Haying has commenced but is not very plentiful owing to lack of moisture.

Mrs. Marshall and little grandson have left for Bow, where they will visit Mrs. J. D. Manners.

Now that the Chautauqua is over prep are for the Irma Fair on August 18 and 19.

A number of Valley farmers went to Camp Lake last Sunday for the ball game.

Harry Carter and Carl Whidden are working with the Government grading outfit at Irma this summer.

It is to be bigger and better than ever. Be sure you get a prize list. Call the Irma Co-operative Store for one.

Mrs. J. J. Therou is back home again after spending some time in Edmonton where she took in the fair.

Best garden we have seen this year is at Mr. Kennedy's at north end of Valley; it's a beauty.

Remember the Auction Sale of Horses, Cattle, Farm Implements, Furniture, Crop, etc., at the home of Angus McMillan five miles north east of Irma next Friday August 5th. Mr. McMillan intends going east as soon as he disposes of his effects. So this should prove a good chance to secure some good implements, live stock, etc. See display add in other column.

CHAUTAUQUA, CAME, GONE, WILL COME AGAIN

The first three days of the week have been busy days with most of the folks in the Irma district. The big Chautauqua, tent arrived Monday morning and by noon the willing workers on the Committee had it erected and all ready for the afternoon crowd. The lectures and entertainment furnished at all of the six performances were very well received by large enthusiastic crowds. After Wednesday's performance a contract was started for a four days chautauqua for the season of 1922, so that Irma will again have the privilege of listening to some of the best procurable talent.

INCREASED RAILROAD RATES NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR BUSINESS STAGNATION

A denial of the frequently-met allegation that increased railway rates are responsible for the present business depression was made by William Sprout, President of the Southern Railway Company, at the convention of the National Association of Credit Men at San Francisco last week. Mr. Sprout, after alluding to the so-called "freight blockade" that occurred in 1917, said:

"Just as it was lightly alleged then that the railroads had broken down, so now it is readily alleged that the increase in railroad rates is responsible for the stagnation of business. Because transportation is so important a factor in business it would be a serious charge, if it were true, that the railroads had produced the present stagnation in business. But it is not true."

"On the contrary, the railroad rates were not raised in time to enable the railroads to move the commerce of the country in its active period when the business of the country at large could easily absorb the increase. The fact is that the rates were raised and business declined at about the same time, but one had nothing to do with the other as a related matter."

"In proof of the suggestion, let me call your attention to the water rates. The rates by water have been on the decline. Yet private owners are trying up their ships. The United States Shipping Board's ships are laid up by the score because business is stagnant. The cause is found in the sheer inability of business to get back on a peace basis. That is the reason business has halted."

"Yet the call of the day is that railroads reduce their rates because business is bad. This call for reduction comes from all sources and on all important commodities and from all sections of the country. I venture the opinion that if all the railroads of this country were, by some edict, to reduce their rates one-half on every kind of traffic everywhere, there would be no appreciable increase in the volume of business moved, but the railroads would be prostrate in one common disaster that would shake the nation and call credits into question."

OH MAN!

Here's an old one that's worth repeating:

A man's life is full of crosses and temptations. He comes into this world without his consent, and goes out against his will, and the trip between the two is exceedingly rocky. The rule of contraries is one of the most important features of the trip.

When he is little the big girls kiss him, and when he is big the little girls kiss him.

If he is poor he is a bad manager; if he is rich he is dishonest. If he needs credit, he can't get it; if he is prosperous everyone wants to do him a favor.

If he's in politics, it's for pie; if he is out of politics, you can't place him, and he's no good for his country.

If he doesn't give to charity, he's a stingy cuss; if he does, it's for show. If he is actively religious, he's a hypocrite; if he takes no interest in religion, he's a hardened sinner.

If he shows affection, he is a soft specimen; if he seems to care for no one, he is cold blooded. If he dies young, there was a great future before him; if he lives to an old age, he has missed his calling. The road is rocky, but man loves to travel it.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

The following new or seasonal publications are available only "special request" owing to limited supply.

They will be sent to those who check off on this list the publications desired and return it with their name and address clearly written to:

The Publications Branch, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

No postage is necessary. Report of Experimental Farms, 1919-20.

Report of Health Animals Branch. The Canadian Dairy Cattle.

Report of Pure-Bred Dairy Cattle Association.

Report of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association.

Bush Fruits. Publications Index Book. Cream Cheese and Butter.

Yield and Relative Value of some Dairy Products.

Cow Testing, Good Reasons for. Notes on the Cold Storage of Eggs.

The Potatoe in Canada; Its cultivation and varieties.

Clover Seed, Red, and its Impurities. Potatoes, Digging and Storing.

Roots, Fitting. Weeds and Weed Seeds. Aphids or Plant Lice.

How to protect Fruits, Vegetables, and Ornamental Plants from Insects and Fungus Diseases.

Common Garden Insects and Their Control.

Spraying for Late Blight and Rot of Potatoes.

Locust Control in the Prairie Provinces.

Tent Caterpillar. Sheep Dipping.

Feeding and Housing Swine. Bacon Hog and the British Market.

The Hogs, Self-feeder for. The Sheep Barn.

Swine Husbandry in Canada. The Principles of Poultry House Construction.

Preparing Poultry Produce for Market. Lime Water for the Preservation of Bee-Keeping in Canada.

Lime in Agriculture. Labor Saving on a Farm.

The Preservation of Fruit and Vegetables for Home Use.

Machinery, Care of Farm. Poisonous Plants.

Name Post Office Province

CONSOLIDATED HIGH SCHOOL. DESERVES YOUR ATTENTION.

Meetings regarding consolidation of high school work to be held by Joseph Morgan, Supervisor of Consolidated Schools.

Thursday afternoon at 3 p.m. Alma Mater Schoolhouse, Aug. 4th.

Thursday evening at 8 p.m. at Ross Schoolhouse, Aug. 5th.

Friday afternoon at 3 p.m. at Sunny Brae Schoolhouse, Aug. 5th.

S. D. Glenholm S. D., and Irma S. D. at Irma in Co-op. hall at 8 p.m. Aug. 5th.

CHURCH SERVICES.

SUNDAY, JULY 31st.

Ross (School) 11 a.m. Alma Mater 3.30 p.m. Irma 8 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Irma 11 a.m. Ross School 12 a.m. Sunny Brae 2 p.m. Alma Mater 2.30 p.m. Roseberry 2.30 p.m.

G. H. Elliott, Pastor

VIKING

Steve Jones is building a boat that will ply the waters at Viking Beach. Viking was quite deserted last Friday. Every citizen who could get away from business and other cares, was at the Bruce Stampede.

Mr. Walter McArthur, of Bruhl, Alta., has been down visiting his father who has been ill the past three months.

Messrs. Whitehead, the movie men, gave a show at Innisfree last Monday. They intend to make that town every week.

A. A. Long and family have returned from a month's vacation spent at Banff. They report a most enjoyable holiday and state that Banff is an ideal place to spend a vacation.

Robt. Newell, of Calgary, arrived last Wednesday to take the place of Hugh Smith at the local creamery, Mr. Smith having to return to his home at Burford, Ontario.

The band has resumed regular practice again. They will play on the street again next Saturday, weather permitting. All band boys are expected to show up at 8 o'clock sharp at the band hall.

Arthur Horton who has been playing ball with Alliance was home over Sunday. He left for Bow Monday morning to play with the team there. He expects to be back here to play in the tournament starting to-day.

H. B. Collier is putting in a cement walk around his residence.

The Walworth ball team was here last Wednesday and played five innings with the local team after which they picked up their bats and baggage and left for home.

A religious service was held at Viking Beach last Sunday afternoon by Rev. Jas. A. Wheeler. The members of the church were in attendance and played the music for the hymns.

Quite a number besides the campers were present at the services.

Another good movie program was put on last Saturday evening at the Whitehead photoplay house and a large crowd turned out to see the pictures which had the usual good music. Hereafter Messrs. Whitehead will put on a regular show every Wednesday and Saturday evening.

Mr. W. L. Campbell is erecting a bungalow at the new Viking Beach. Geo. Chedour and Robt. Desllets.

Several of the cattle entries were in place last night and the balance are expected this morning. Many of the successful prize winners at Edmonton and Red Deer exhibitions are expected today, and the mid-way and grandstand attractions, which proved such a drawing card at Red Deer and other places along the circuit, are arriving by special train this morning.

Noticeable among the entries already in the barns yesterday were those of Steve Swift of Viking. In addition to a car-load of Yorkshire and Berkshire hogs, Mr. Swift has 24 head of cattle in the exhibition.

These animals have already carried off prizes at Red Deer and Edmonton, and from Camrose will be taken on to Lloydminster where Mr. Swift expects to annex more honors. Several of the Swift animals broke loose on Tuesday night with the result that eight weeks old light horn bull calf was still listed among the missing this morning, despite a search that has been made over the entire district—Camrose Canadian.

have opened up a tin shop and car repairing garage in a new building one door east of A. E. Walters blacksmith shop. Geo. Chedour was formerly located on Main Street. The boys are quite busy in their new location and invite all their friends and customers to call, whether in need of any work in their line or not.

Place Your for Stationery Now.

SUMMER

TOURIST FARES

TO

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA

AND PACIFIC COAST POINTS

THROUGH CANADIAN ROCKIES

CHOICE OF ROUTES, ON LAND AND SEA, GOING AND RETURNING.

Round Trip Tickets

From Points (Western) Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and from all stations Calgary and Edmonton (inclusive) in Alberta, (via Looma, C. N., via Tofteld, G. T. P., on SALE JUNE 1st to SEPT. 30, 1921, (inclusive) Liberal Stopovers Final Return Limit Oct. 31, 1921

SEE JASPER PARK AND MOUNT ROBSON

For full information AS TO FARES, RESERVATIONS, APPLY TO ANY AGENT

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS



PROVINCE of ALBERTA Offers

THE FOLLOWING INVESTMENTS:

10-YEAR

6 per cent. Gold Bonds

Dated May 1, 1921; Maturing May 1, 1931

Price \$98.16

and accrued interest from May 1, 1921

YIELD 6.25 per cent.

Denominations: \$100, \$500, \$1,000

15-YEAR

6 per cent. Gold Bonds

Dated April 1, 1921; Maturing April 1, 1936

Price \$97.59

and accrued interest from April 1 1921

YIELD 6.25 per cent.

Denominations: \$500, \$1,000

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

These Bonds may also be purchased through your local Bank, or from any recognized Bond House in the Province of Alberta

Address all communications to the Deputy Provincial Treasurer

HON. C. R. MITCHELL, Provincial Treasurer

W. V. NEWSON, Deputy Provincial Treasurer, Parliament Buildings, Edmonton, A

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